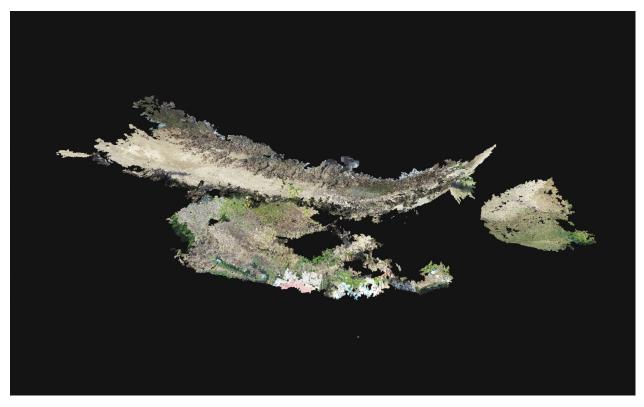
Costa Norte Post, Hatillo February 06, 2023.



Centroid coordinates: 18.49127° N 66.78491° W

3D map Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



2D map



Beach length (m) Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Beach length = 268.664 m

Density surface model Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Area of the beach

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Area of the beach = $7,059.93 \text{ m}^2$

Beach volumeCosta Norte Post, Hatillo

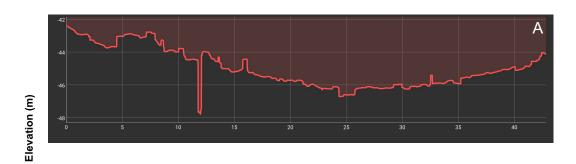


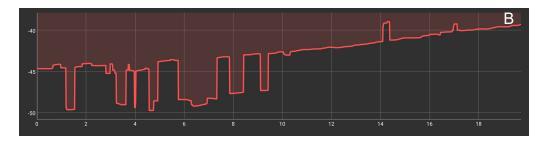
Cut = 0.00 m³ Fill = -356,921 m³

Volume Dif. = -356,921 m³

Beach elevationCosta Norte Post, Hatillo

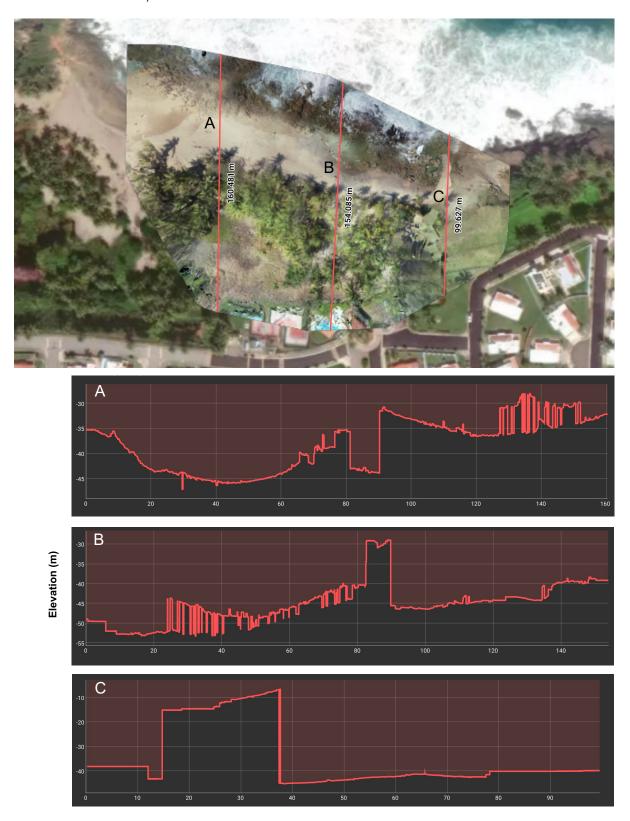






Distance from shore (m)

Site elevation (m) Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Distance from shore (m)

Dune height (m) Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Dune height

A =36.521 m

B =25.347 m

C =26.847 m

Dune width (m) Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Dune width

A = 61.594 m

B = 52.438 m

C = 48.255 m

Area and perimeter of dune

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Area and perimeter of dune

2D area = $7,059.93 \text{ m}^2$

3D area = $7,059.93 \text{ m}^2$

2D perimeter = 557.214 m

3D perimeter = 557.214 m

Elevation difference = 0.00 m

Volume of dune Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Base surface	Triangulated
Cut volume Cut error Fill volume	0.00 m ³ 0.00 m ³ -254,918 m ³
Fill error Volume difference	559.694 m³ -254,918 m³

ShorelineCosta Norte Post, Hatillo



Shoreline length = 259.989 m

Shoreline geolocation

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Shoreline markers

A = 18.49188° N 66.78579° W

B = 18.49168° N 66.78513° W

C = 18.49148° N 66.78449° W

D = 18.49140° N 66.78391° W

Shoreline extension

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Shoreline extension

A = 36.386 m

B = 15.512 m

C = 22.686 m

Shoreline position

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Shoreline position

A = 29.356 m

B = 32.548 m

C = 20.784 m

Area of dune breaches Costa Norte Post, Hatillo



Area of dune breaches

Breach = $7,059.93 \text{ m}^2$

Quality Report

Dix4n

Generated with Pix4Denterprise version 4.8.3 Preview



Important: Click on the different icons for:

- Place Help to analyze the results in the Quality Report
- Additional information about the sections



Click <u>here</u> for additional tips to analyze the Quality Report

Summary

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Project	201645-Project-2023-02-06T22:55:18.520Z
Processed	2023-02-07 00:05:27
Camera Model Name(s)	FC6310R_8.8_5472x3648 (RGB)
Average Ground Sampling Distance (GSD)	1.32 cm / 0.52 in
Area Covered	0.032 km ² / 3.1616 ha / 0.01 sq. mi. / 7.8165 acres
Time for Initial Processing (without report)	55m:12s

Quality Check

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? Images	median of 64424 keypoints per image	②
O Dataset	287 out of 305 images calibrated (94%), all images enabled, 5 blocks	<u> </u>
? Camera Optimization	0.38% relative difference between initial and optimized internal camera parameters	②
Matching	median of 5101.64 matches per calibrated image	②
@ Georeferencing	yes, no 3D GCP	<u> </u>



6

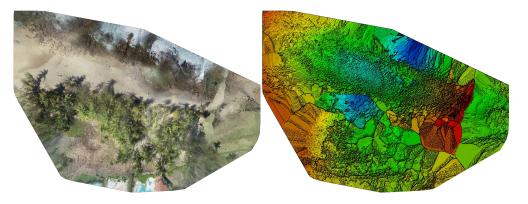


Figure 1: Orthomosaic and the corresponding sparse Digital Surface Model (DSM) before densification.

Calibration Details

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Number of Calibrated Images	287 out of 305
Number of Geolocated Images	305 out of 305

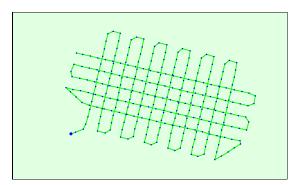
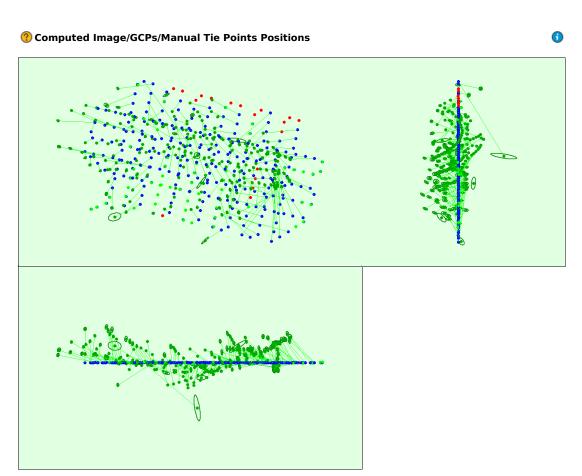


Figure 2: Top view of the initial image position. The green line follows the position of the images in time starting from the large blue dot.



Uncertainty ellipses 10x magnified

Figure 3: Offset between initial (blue dots) and computed (green dots) image positions as well as the offset between the GCPs initial positions (blue crosses) and their computed positions (green crosses) in the top-view (XY plane), front-view (XZ plane), and side-view (YZ plane). Red dots indicate disabled or uncalibrated images. Dark green ellipses indicate the absolute position uncertainty of the bundle block adjustment result.

Absolute camera position and orientation uncertainties

	X [m]	Y [m]	Z [m]	Omega [degree]	Phi [degree]	Kappa [degree]
Mean	0.058	0.058	0.091	0.193	0.136	0.144
Sigma	0.045	0.035	0.059	0.154	0.079	0.180



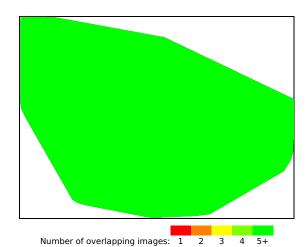


Figure 4: Number of overlapping images computed for each pixel of the orthomosaic.

Red and yellow areas indicate low overlap for which poor results may be generated. Green areas indicate an overlap of over 5 images for every pixel. Good quality results will be generated as long as the number of keypoint matches is also sufficient for these areas (see Figure 5 for keypoint matches).

Bundle Block Adjustment Details

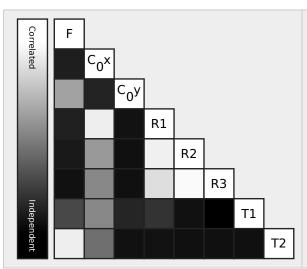
Number of 2D Keypoint Observations for Bundle Block Adjustment	
Number of 3D Points for Bundle Block Adjustment	770615
Mean Reprojection Error [pixels]	0.469

Internal Camera Parameters

⊖ FC6310R_8.8_5472x3648 (RGB). Sensor Dimensions: 12.833 [mm] x 8.556 [mm]

EXIF ID: FC6310R_8.8_5472x3648

	Focal Length	Principal Point x	Principal Point y	R1	R2	R3	T1	T2
Initial Values	3658.300 [pixel] 8.580 [mm]	2722.500 [pixel] 6.385 [mm]	1835.100 [pixel] 4.304 [mm]	-0.269	0.112	-0.033	0.000	-0.001
Optimized Values	3644.328 [pixel] 8.547 [mm]	2746.151 [pixel] 6.440 [mm]	1822.164 [pixel] 4.273 [mm]	-0.223	0.051	0.002	0.002	0.000
Uncertainties (Sigma)	1.305 [pixel] 0.003 [mm]	1.184 [pixel] 0.003 [mm]	1.666 [pixel] 0.004 [mm]	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000



The correlation between camera internal parameters determined by the bundle adjustment. White indicates a full correlation between the parameters, ie. any change in one can be fully compensated by the other. Black indicates that the parameter is completely independent, and is not affected by other parameters.



The number of Automatic Tie Points (ATPs) per pixel, averaged over all images of the camera model, is color coded between black and white. White indicates that, on average, more than 16 ATPs have been extracted at the pixel location. Black indicates that, on average, 0 ATPs have been extracted at the pixel location. Click on the image to the see the average direction and magnitude of the re-projection error for each pixel. Note that the vectors are scaled for better visualization. The scale bar indicates the magnitude of 1 pixel error.

2D Keypoints Table

1

	Number of 2D Keypoints per Image	Number of Matched 2D Keypoints per Image
Median	64424	5102
Min	40872	25
Max	78921	30485
Mean	64171	6447

? 3D Points from 2D Keypoint Matches

A

	Number of 3D Points Observed
In 2 Images	595243
In 3 Images	106946
In 4 Images	36651
In 5 Images	15298
In 6 Images	7871
In 7 Images	4665
In 8 Images	2042
In 9 Images	824
In 10 Images	432
In 11 Images	257
In 12 Images	171
In 13 Images	106
In 14 Images	58
In 15 Images	28
In 16 Images	11
In 17 Images	9
In 18 Images	1
In 19 Images	2

2D Keypoint Matches



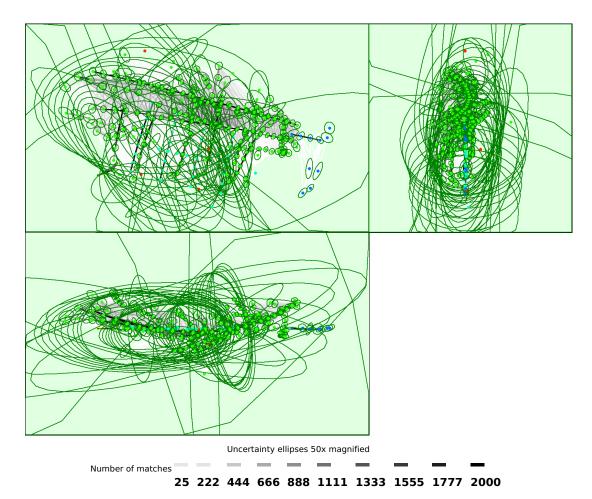


Figure 5: Computed image positions with links between matched images. The darkness of the links indicates the number of matched 2D keypoints between the images. Bright links indicate weak links and require manual tie points or more images. Dark green ellipses indicate the relative camera position uncertainty of the bundle block adjustment result.

Relative camera position and orientation uncertainties

X [m] Y [m] Z [m] Omega [degree] Phi [degree] Kappa [degree] Mean 0.170 0.212 0.141 0.274 0.294 0.347 0.639 0.413 0.596 0.659 1.056 Sigma 0.386

Geolocation Details

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② Absolute Geolocation Variance

(I)

Min Error [m]	Max Error [m]	Geolocation Error X [%]	Geolocation Error Y [%]	Geolocation Error Z [%]
-	-0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
-0.85	-0.68	1.82	0.00	0.00
-0.68	-0.51	3.64	0.00	3.64
-0.51	-0.34	1.82	0.00	10.91
-0.34	-0.17	5.45	7.27	10.91
-0.17	-0.00	32.73	47.27	12.73
-0.00	0.17	47.27	38.18	25.45
0.17	0.34	5.45	5.45	20.00

0.34	0.51	0.00	1.82	9.09
0.51	0.68	1.82	0.00	1.82
0.68	0.85	0.00	0.00	3.64
0.85	-	0.00	0.00	1.82
Mean [m]		-0.020102	0.001680	0.083194
Sigma [m]		0.195681	0.120645	0.366265
RMS Error [m]		0.196711	0.120657	0.375595

Min Error and Max Error represent geolocation error intervals between -1.5 and 1.5 times the maximum accuracy of all the images. Columns X, Y, Z show the percentage of images with geolocation errors within the predefined error intervals. The geolocation error is the difference between the initial and computed image positions. Note that the image geolocation errors do not correspond to the accuracy of the observed 3D points.

? Relative Geolocation Variance

(1

Relative Geolocation Error	Images X [%]	Images Y [%]	Images Z [%]
[-1.00, 1.00]	14.55	18.18	20.00
[-2.00, 2.00]	21.82	29.09	29.09
[-3.00, 3.00]	34.55	43.64	36.36
Mean of Geolocation Accuracy [m]	0.021548	0.021548	0.047590
Sigma of Geolocation Accuracy [m]	0.035680	0.035680	0.074123

Images X, Y, Z represent the percentage of images with a relative geolocation error in X, Y, Z.

Geolocation Orientational Variance	RMS [degree]
Omega	8.373
Phi	9.425
Карра	5.217

Geolocation RMS error of the orientation angles given by the difference between the initial and computed image orientation angles.

Initial Processing Details

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System Information

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Hardware	CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8124M CPU @ 3.00GHz RAM: 69GB GPU: no info (Driver: unknown)
Operating System	Linux 5.15.0-1028-aws x86 64

Coordinate Systems

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Image Coordinate System	WGS 84
Output Coordinate System	WGS 84 / UTM zone 19N

Processing Options

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Detected Template	e cloud-3d-maps-1*
Keypoints Image Scale	Full, Image Scale: 1
Advanced: Matching Image Pairs	Aerial Grid or Corridor
Advanced: Matching Strategy	Use Geometrically Verified Matching: no
Advanced: Keypoint Extraction	Targeted Number of Keypoints: Automatic
Advanced: Calibration	Calibration Method: Standard Internal Parameters Optimization: All External Parameters Optimization: All Rematch: Auto, yes

Point Cloud Densification details

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Processing Options

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Image Scale	multiscale, 1/2 (Half image size, Default)
Point Density	Optimal
Minimum Number of Matches	3
3D Textured Mesh Generation	yes
3D Textured Mesh Settings:	Resolution: Medium Resolution (default) Color Balancing: no
LOD	Generated: no
Advanced: 3D Textured Mesh Settings	Sample Density Divider: 1
Advanced: Image Groups	group1
Advanced: Use Processing Area	yes
Advanced: Use Annotations	yes
Time for Point Cloud Densification	07m:56s
Time for Point Cloud Classification	NA
Time for 3D Textured Mesh Generation	05m:08s

Results

6

Number of Generated Tiles	1
Number of 3D Densified Points	8346923
Average Density (per m ³)	553.71

DSM, Orthomosaic and Index Details

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Processing Options

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DSM and Orthomosaic Resolution	1 x GSD (1.32 [cm/pixel])
DSM Filters	Noise Filtering: yes Surface Smoothing: yes, Type: Sharp
Raster DSM	Generated: yes Method: Inverse Distance Weighting Merge Tiles: yes
Orthomosaic	Generated: yes Merge Tiles: yes GeoTIFF Without Transparency: no Google Maps Tiles and KML: no
Time for DSM Generation	02m:51s
Time for Orthomosaic Generation	22m:21s
Time for DTM Generation	00s
Time for Contour Lines Generation	00s
Time for Reflectance Map Generation	00s
Time for Index Map Generation	00s

Costa Norte Post, Hatillo

